Company Name - Star brite, Inc
4041 SW 47th Ave Ft. Lauderdale FL 33304
Phone Number: 1(954)587-6280
Toll-Free Number: 1(800)327-8583
Web Address: www.starbrite.com

California Cleaning Product Disclosure

Part Number **812XX**

Description **Premium Teak Care Kit**

Chemical Name	CAS #	Category	Designated Lists
Water	7732-18-5	Solvent	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Solvent	
Alkyd Resin Polymer	68956-35-4	Surface Modifier	
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6	Whitener	
Tung oil, polymd.	67785-30-2	Surface Modifier	
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	Whitener	
Glycolic acid	79-14-1	pH Adjuster	
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Solvent	20
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	68439-57-6	Surfactant	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	Solvent	
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	Surfactant	
Toluene	108-88-3	Nonfunctional Contaminants	1, 1, 4, 10, 17, 18, 20
Resin	68139-51-5	Surface Modifier	
Alkyd Resin Polymer	8001-26-1	Surface Modifier	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Solvent	

Company Name - Star brite, Inc
4041 SW 47th Ave Ft. Lauderdale FL 33304
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California Cleaning Product Disclosure

Part Number **812XX**

Description **Premium Teak Care Kit**

Chemical Name	CAS #	Category	Designated Lists

Compliant with the California SB-258 Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017

For informational purposes only. While the contents of these documents are reviewed regularly ingredients are subject to change.

DESIGNATED LISTS FOR CHEMICALS OF CONCERN

#	LIST NAME
1	CA Prop 65
2	EU CMR
3	EU Endocrine Disruptor
4	IRIS Neurotoxicants
5	IRIS Carcinogens
6	EU PBTs
7	CAN PBiT
8	EU Respiratory Sensitizers
9	IARC Carcinogens
10	ATSDR Neurotoxicants
11	EPA WMP PBT
12	NTP REPRODUCTIVE OR DEVELOPMENTAL TOXCANT
13	US EPA TRI PBTs
14	WA PBTs
15	EPA 14TH REPORT CARCINOGENS NTP
16	CA NLs
17	CA MCLs
18	CA TAC
19	CA Priority Pollutant
20	CA Non-Cancer Hazard
21	Biomonitoring California Priority Chemicals
22	Marine Priority Action Chemicals
EU FA	EU Fragrance Allergen
SB-258 NFC	CA SB-258 Act Nonfunctional constituents

Teak Oil

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision Date: 03/01/2024 Date of issue: 11/10/2015 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Teak Oil

Product Code: 816XX - 1370XX - 522XX

Intended Use of the Product

Coating.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Star brite Inc.
4041 SW 47th Avenue
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314
(954)587-6280
www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 4 H227
Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Carc. 1B H350
STOT RE 2 H373
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS07 GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H227 - Combustible liquid
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H350 - May cause cancer
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling..
P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves.
P301+P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P302+P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4).
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Aquatic Acute 3 H402
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Other Hazards: Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	40 - 70	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	(CAS No) 64742-46-7	10 - 24	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200]. A range of concentration as prescribed by Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary, due to varying composition.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward so vomit is not inhaled/aspirated.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation.

Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.
Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decompostion. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). May liberate toxic gases.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up.
Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s) Coating.

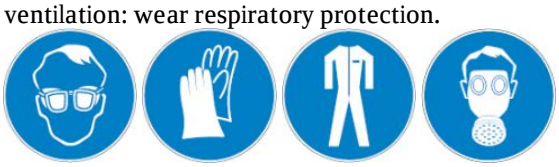
Control Parameters

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures)

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink, or smoke during use.

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Light brown
Odor	:	Characteristic
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
pH	:	Not available
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	Not available
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	149 °C (300.2 °F)
Flash Point	:	65 °C (149 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Specific Gravity/Relative density	:	0.8 mg/mL
Solubility	:	Not soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.
Chemical Stability: Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.
Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Nitrogen oxides. Aldehydes. Ketones. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified.
LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.
Teratogenicity: Not classified.
Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified.
Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle (64742-46-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	7400 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	4.6 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	4.60 mg/l/4h

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.2 mg/l/4h

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle (64742-46-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	35 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC 50 Fish 2	> 10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC 50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])

Persistence and Degradability

Teak Oil	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Teak Oil	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
BCF fish 1	61 - 159

Mobility in Soil Not available.

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

UN Number

DOT NA no. : NA1993

UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains petroleum distillates hydrotreated light, petroleum distillates hydrotreated middle)

Transport Document Description (DOT) : NA1993 COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PETROLEUM DISTILLATES HYDROTREATED LIGHT, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES HYDROTREATED MIDDLE), 3, III

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Department Of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

DOT Symbols : D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only,G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing Group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)
T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)
TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 Cfr 173.xxx) : 241

Additional Information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

Other Information : This product meets the limited quantity exceptions as follows:DOT: Not regulated as dangerous goods except when shipped in bulk. Otherwise, the above descriptions apply.

Transport by sea Not regulate for transport

Dot Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed ''on deck'' or ''under deck'' on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Marine Pollutant : No

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft Only (49 CFR 175.75) : 220 L

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Teak Oil	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle (64742-46-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

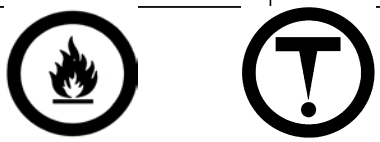
US State Regulations

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle (64742-46-7)
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Teak Oil	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle (64742-46-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 03/01/2024

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

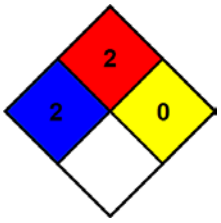
GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
H227	Combustible liquid
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Health Hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA Fire Hazard : 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document
Star brite Inc.
(954)587-6280

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2

Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision

Date: 05/20/2023 Date of issue: 10/03/2014 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name: Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener

Product Code: 524XX

Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Cleaner.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Starbrite® Inc.

4041 SW 47th Avenue

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314

(954)587-6280

www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US classification

Eye Dam. 1 H318

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS05

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call POISON CENTER/doctor.

Other Hazards

May be corrosive to respiratory tract. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	GHS-US classification
Oxalic acid	(CAS No) 144-62-7	5 – 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Hydroxyacetic acid	(CAS No) 79-14-1	5 – 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	(CAS No) 68439-57-6	1 - 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Triethanolamine	(CAS No) 102-71-6	0.1 - 1	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*A range of concentration as prescribed by Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary, due to varying composition. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive, however in contact with incompatabilities may release explosive hydrogen gas.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Adding water to solution may generate large amounts of heat. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur compounds.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, and spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Metals.

Specific End Use(s)

Cleaner.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	500 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (anhydrous)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (anhydrous)
Manitoba	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³

Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.1 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.5 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid

Appearance : Colorless

Odor : Characteristic

Odor Threshold : Not available

pH	:	1.6
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	Not available
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	Not available
Flash Point	:	> 100 °C (> 212 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	Not available
Specific Gravity	:	1 (water = 1)
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Adding water to solution may generate large amounts of heat. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Contact with metallic substances.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified.

pH: 1.6

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 1.6

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	375 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	20000 mg/kg

Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1950 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	3.6 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1.76 mg/l/4h

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	6400 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2310 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	6300 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 52 mg/l/4h

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
IARC Group	3

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	125 - 150 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	44 mg/l

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	10600 (10600 - 13000) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC 50 Fish 2	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
ErC50 (algae)	169 mg/l

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	4.53 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia sp)
LC 50 Fish 2	12.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static])
ErC50 (algae)	5.2 mg/l (Water quality - Marine Algal Growth Inhibition Test with Skeletonema costatum and Phaeodactylum tricornutum)

Persistence and Degradability

Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Log Pow	-0.81 (at 30 °C)

Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)	
Log Pow	-1.11 (at 19 °C)

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
BCF Fish 1	3.9
Log Pow	-2.53

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

UN Number Not regulated for transport

UN Proper Shipping Name Not regulated for transport

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Marine Pollutant : No

Additional Information Not available

Transport by sea Not regulated for transport

Air transport Not regulated for transport

In Accordance With IMDG Not regulated for transport

In Accordance With IATA/ICAO Not regulated for transport

In Accordance With TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA

Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Oxalic acid (144-62-7)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs

U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

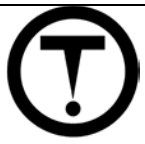
Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Outdoor Collection Teak Cleaner & Brightener	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Oxalic acid (144-62-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material

Hydroxyacetic acid (79-14-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts (68439-57-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

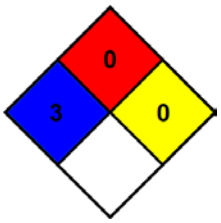
Revision Date : 05/20/2023

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard	:	3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA Fire Hazard	:	0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA Reactivity	:	0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Starbrite®

Phone Number: (954)587-6280

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS

Dear Compliance Team,

I am writing to address the classification of Star brite Teak Oil in light of its status as a combustible liquid under applicable regulations. **Specifically, the product does not meet the criteria for regulation as a combustible liquid in non-bulk packaging under 49 CFR § 173.150 (f)(2).**

According to the attached Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for Star brite Teak Oil, the product is classified as a **Combustible Liquid (Flash Point: 65°C / 149°F, DOT NA1993, Packing Group III). Per the limited quantity exceptions outlined in 49 CFR § 173.150 (f)(2), combustible liquids in non-bulk packaging (quantities less than 450 liters) are not subject to DOT hazardous materials regulations.**

This interpretation aligns with industry standards and DOT guidance. As such, Star brite Teak Oil in its typical retail packaging does not require hazardous material classification for transportation or storage.

We respectfully request that this information be reviewed and used to update your records for ASIN to reflect its correct classification. Please let us know if any further documentation or clarification is needed to resolve this matter.

Thank you for your attention and understanding. We appreciate your support in ensuring compliance while minimizing unnecessary disruptions to product availability.

Star brite Compliance